

Adolescent Wellness and Mental Health



September 18, 2023



Student Services Department

Each of the 3 team rooms is comprised of an Administrator, 2 Secretarial Staff Members, Student Counselors, Social Worker and School Psychologist.







Felicia Macfarlane, S.S.P., Ed.S. She / Her Red Team

Sandra Xi, Ed. S, NCSP She/Her Blue Team

Our Goal Tonight is to Review/Discuss...

- Mental Health and how it affects adolescence
- Illinois Youth Survey data
- Signs/Symptoms of Depression and Anxiety
- Protective Factors & Coping Skills
- Suicide Awareness & Prevention
- Local community & Conant High School mental health resources

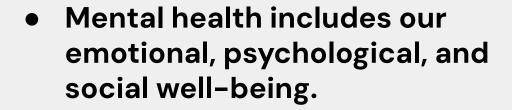




Importance of Mental Health



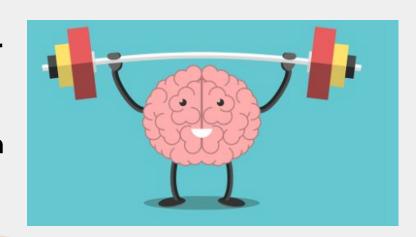




- It affects how we think, feel, and behave.
- It also helps determine how we handle stress, relate to others, and make choices.



- Adolescence is a crucial period for developing social & emotional habits, important for mental well-being.
- Looking after our mental health is equally important as taking care of our physical health





Adolescent Development

Physical

Puberty

Cognitive

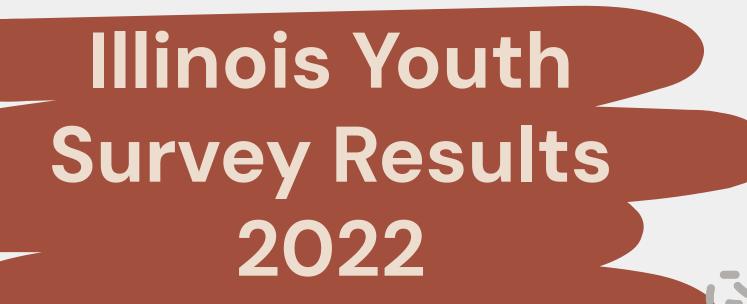
- Perspective Taking
- "Self-Centeredness"
- Risky Behavior

Social

- Self-conscious
- IdentityFormation
- Friendships







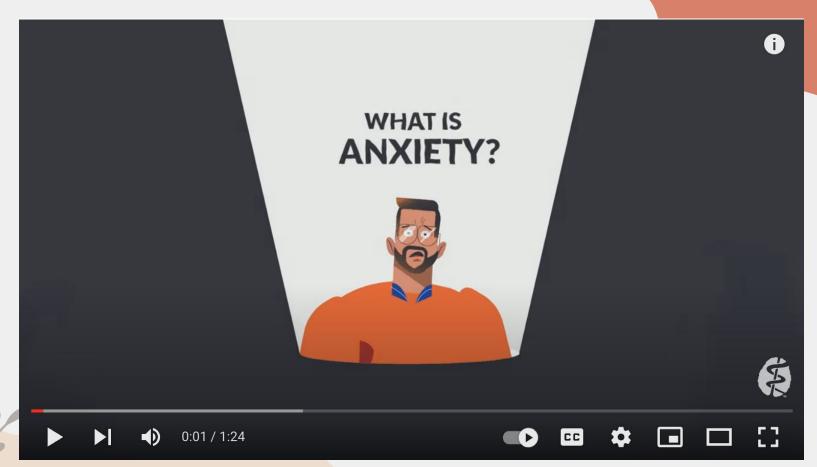
IYS Results



During the past 12 months did you ever:

	9th		10th		11th		12th	
	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N
Seriously consider attempting suicide	12%	57	10%	40	10%	35	9%	26
Feel so sad or hopeless almost every day for two weeks or more in a row that you stopped doing some usual activities	32%	165	33%	141	40%	144	27%	82





Anxiety Recap

Signs and Symptoms...

- Physical: fatigue, sweating
- Behavioral: hypervigilance, irritability, restlessness
- Cognitive: racing thoughts, unwanted thoughts, difficulty concentrating
- Also: fear, nausea, insomnia, palpitations, excessive worry, trembling

Anxiety Disorders...

- Specific Phobia
- Social Anxiety Disorder
- Panic Disorder
- Agoraphobia
- Generalized Anxiety Disorder
- Separation Anxiety Disorder





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Depression is Different From Sadness or Grief

Sometimes we describe ourselves as being or feeling "depressed" after difficult times in life. But, being sad is not the same as having depression. Grief and depression can co-exist. For some, death of a loved one, losing a job, being a victim of a major disaster or physical assault can lead to depression.



Depression Can Affect Anyone

Several factors can play a role in depression including biochemistry, genetics, personality, and environment. Even a person who appears to have lived an 'ideal' life may have depression.

Depression is Among the Most Treatable Mental Disorders

Before treatment, a health professional should conduct a thorough diagnostic evaluation, including an interview and a physical examination. A combination of medication and therapy has been found to be the most effective treatment for patients.





95% of young people aged 13-17 use social media

- Create a family media plan to help establish healthy technology boundaries that can include time limits, alternative activities to technology, safety rules, and acceptable content
- Create tech-free zones within the home
- Model responsible social media behavior
- Teach children about technology and empower them to be responsible online
 - For more information visit US Department of Health and Human Services, Office of the US Surgeon General, Youth Mental Health



Protective Factors



Family

Encouraging Parents
Family Support
Siblings that show they care

Community

Safe Community
Church/ Temple/ Mosque
Trusted Neighbors
Volunteer experiences

School

Safe Learning Environment
Daily School Attendance
Trusted Teachers & Counselors
Involvement in School Sports/Clubs
Trusted Club Sponsors

Individual / Peer

Self-Esteem
Sense of Control
Sense of Responsibility
Supportive Friend Group

Addressing School Refusal at Home

- Understand the reason
- Offer empathy
- Brainstorm solutions
- Make home boring
- Goals and rewards for attending
- Connect with student's counselor
- Contact the doctor



Some Coping Skills & Strategies



- Take a time-out, focus on yourself and wellbeing
- Coping Thoughts/Reframing
- Eat well-balanced meals
- Abstain from alcohol and caffeine
- Listen to music
- Journaling
- Get enough sleep
- Get daily exercise





Some Coping Skills & Strategies

- Seek out support
- Practice breathing exercises
- Acknowledge that you're doing your best
- Welcome humor
- Volunteer
- Start a Hobby
- Practice Mindfulness





Suicidal and Suicide Ideation

Suicide is the 2nd leading cause of death among young people age 10-24 and LGBTQIA+ youth are at significant increased risk.

Ideation

Thinking about or planning a suicide

Suicide

Act of intentionally causing one's own death



Many Factors Contribute to Suicide Risk

- Previous suicide attempt
- History of depression and other mental illnesses
- Serious illness such as chronic pain
- Criminal/legal problems
- Job/financial problems or loss
- Impulsive or aggressive tendencies
- Substance misuse/ abuse
- Current or prior history of adverse childhood experiences
- Sense of hopelessness
- Violence victimization and/or perpetration



Warning Signs

- 1. THREATENING OR VOICING they want to hurt themselves, kill themselves, or die
- 2. LOOKING for a way to end their lives (i.e. buying a gun, researching online)
- 3. SAYING GOOD-BYE

 Posting on social media, giving away their possessions, writing a note



Warning Signs Cont'd

- 4. RISK-SEEKING behavior
- 5. Talking about feelings of HOPELESSNESS
- 6. SELF-HARM
- 7. Agitation or UNCONTROLLABLE ANGER
- 8. Dramatic changes in PERSONALITY or MOOD
- 9. Increased use of DRUGS or ALCOHOL
- 10. Talking about being a BURDEN
 - 11. WITHDRAWING from family, friends, or society
- 12. Feeling trapped in UNBEARABLE PAIN





When Talking about Suicide



Helpful

Harmful

Let the person talk and listen without judgment

Minimizing the problem or shaming the person

Reassure them that treatment and help are available

Telling a person that their experience is "not that bad"

Tell them that suicidal feelings are temporary

Preaching about suicide being right or wrong

CHS Mental Health Resources

- Team Room Model
- Counseling Support
- Classroom Outreach/Guidance Curriculum
- Support Groups





ATHLETICS V ACTIVITIES V STUDENTS V PARENTS V COMMUNITY V STAFF

SUICIDE **PREVENTION & AWARENESS** MONTH

The CHS Student Services and Wellness departments will be providing different learning opportunities through Erika's Lighthouse, a nationally recognized suicide awareness program, and sharing out information through Schoology.

Call or text 988 to access the Suicide Prevention Lifeline.

> to learn more about erika's lighthouse, please visit their

september is Suicide **Prevention** Awareness Month











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PAUSE PREV NEXT



Assistance





















Safety Concerns and **Threats**







- Walk for Wellness: Cougar Mental Health Day
- Community Resource Fair
- Collaboration with Community Supports
- Bring Change 2 Mind Club

Mindfulness





Visiting **Comfort Dogs**





Starting the Conversation about Mental Health-

Try Leading Questions:

Can you tell me more about how you are feeling?

Have you had feelings like this in the past?

I'm here to listen. How can I help you feel better?

Do you feel like you would like to talk to someone about how you are feeling?.

I'm worried about your safety. Do you have thoughts of harming yourself or others?

Helpful to use:

Communicate in a straightforward manner

Discuss the topic when your child feels safe and comfortable.

Watch for reactions during the discussion and slow down or back up if your child looks confused or upset.

Listen openly and let your student tell you about their feelings and worries.

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Local Mental Health Community Resources

- Many local Counseling Services
- Local Hospitals offer Free Mental Health Intake
 Assessments

Kenneth Young Center is our local area mental health









Questions / Discussion







References:

Center for Disease Control and Prevention https://www.cdc.gov/suicide/factors/index.htm

National Alliance on Mental Illness https://nami.org/Home

National Institute of Mental Health https://www.nimh.nih.gov/health/statistics/major-depression#:~:text=Figure%202%20shows%20the%20past,population%20aged%2012%20to%2017.

The Trevor Project https://www.thetrevorproject.org/resources/article/facts-about-lgbtq-youth-suicide/

Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration https://www.samhsa.gov/mental-health/how-to-talk/parents-and-caregivers

US Surgeon General https://www.hhs.gov/surgeongeneral







